

## Exhibit - Beta

1  
2 **US Corporate State “STATE OF COLORADO” DUN# 076438621, is listed as a**  
**corporation with Dun and Bradstreet’s credit tracking system as a business.**  
3

<b>State</b>	<b>DUN #</b>	<b>City</b>	<b>DUN #</b>
State of Alabama	004027553	City of Birmingham	074239450
State of Alaska	078198983	City of Fairbanks	079261830
State of Arizona	068300170	City of Phoenix	030002236
State of Arkansas	619312569	City of Little Rock	065303794
State of California	071549000	City of Los Angeles	159166271
State of Colorado	076438621	City of Denver	066985480
State of Connecticut	016167285	City of Bridgeport	156280596
State of Delaware	037802962	City of Wilmington	067393900
District of Columbia	949056860	City of Washington	073010550
State of Florida	004078374	City of Miami	965299576
State of Georgia	069230183	City of Atlanta	065372500
State of Hawaii	077676997	City of Honolulu	828979612
State of Idaho	071875734	City of Boise	070017017
State of Illinois	065232498	City of Chicago	556057206
State of Indiana	071789435	City of Indianapolis	964647155
State of Iowa	828089701	City of Davenport	963855494
State of Kansas	827975009	City of Wichita	069862755

13  
14 *The proper name for the Republics under the Articles of Confederation was and is*  
15 *“Arizona.” It wasn’t until the Constitution was ratified that these same political*  
16 *entities ALSO acquired an ADDITIONAL name as “State of Arizona”. In acts of*  
17 *Congress written after the Constitution was ratified, the SOVEREIGN AND*  
18 *LEGISLATIVELY FOREIGN STATE under the Articles of Confederation was*  
19 *referred to as the “Republic of Arizona”. This entities is where all EXCLUSIVELY*  
20 *PRIVATE and therefore LEGISLATIVELY FOREIGN PROPERTY is held,*  
21 *protected, and maintained. As EXCLUSIVELY private property, this property is*  
22 *NOT SUBJECT to the legislative jurisdiction of ANY government:*

23  
24 *“When one becomes a member of society, he necessarily parts with some*  
25 *rights or privileges which, as an individual not affected by his relations to*  
26 *others, he might retain. “A body politic,” [Editor’s note: A body politic, is a*  
27 *SOCIAL COMPACT by which the whole people covenants with each citizen,*  
28 *and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain*  
*laws for the common good] as aptly defined in the preamble of the*

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1       *Constitution of Massachusetts, "is a social compact by which the whole*  
2       *people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people,*  
3       *that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good."* THIS  
4       **DOES NOT CONFER POWER UPON THE WHOLE PEOPLE TO**  
5       **CONTROL RIGHTS WHICH ARE PURELY AND EXCLUSIVELY**  
6       **PRIVATE, THORPE V. R. & B. RAILROAD CO., 27 VT. 143;** but it does  
7       *authorize the establishment of laws requiring each citizen to so conduct*  
8       *himself, and so use his own property, as not unnecessarily to injure another.*  
9       *This is the very essence of government, and 125\*125 has found expression in*  
10       *the maxim sic utere tuo ut alienum non laedas. From this source come the*  
11       **POLICE POWERS, which, as was said by Mr. Chief Justice Taney in the**  
12       **License Cases, 5 How. 583, "are nothing more or less than the powers of**  
13       **government inherent in every sovereignty,... that is to say, . . . the power to**  
14       **govern men and things."** Under these powers the government regulates the  
15       *conduct of its citizens one towards another, and the manner in which each*  
16       *shall use his own property, when such regulation becomes necessary for the*  
17       *public good. [Munn. verses Illinois, 94 U.S. 113 (1876)].*